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#### Functional Testing Based On Web Navigation With Contracts

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#### Introduction

- Web applications are more and more sophisticated
  - Testing is the main technique to ensure quality
- System testing: important but complex and costly
  - Automatic testing could save time and effort
- Functional testing: key to ensure external quality
  - Need to specify requirements: contracts
- Problem at hand: automatic system testing based on contracts for web applications with Java in the server-side and open-source technologies





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  - Graph Theory
  - Programming by Contract
  - Testing Tools
- Method
- Conclusion





## Background – Graph Theory

Graph = set of nodes connected by links



- Open-source graph Java library:
  - JUNG v2.0 : http://jung.sourceforge.net





### Background – Contracts

- Liu's Method: specify the functionality of a software component by means of pre and post-conditions
- Programming-by-contract approach
  - Pre/Post-condition: condition that must be met just before/after the execution of a portion of code
  - Invariant: condition whose value doesn't change during the execution of a portion of code
- Open-source contract Java library:
  - Contract4J5 : <u>http://www.contract4j.org</u>







# Background –Testing Tools

- We need a tool to test complete web applications, just like a browser does
- Headless web browser = GUI-less browser
- Open-source headless web browsers for Java:
  - Selenium : <u>http://seleniumhq.org</u>
    - In silent-mode.

- HtmlUnit : <u>http://htmlunit.sourceforge.net</u>
  - Better JavaScript support than HttpUnit





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  - Methodology
  - Algorithm
  - Implementation

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Conclusion





## Method – Methodology



- Collector: Compiles structure and contract
- Transformer: Processes information
- Writer: Generates Java test cases (JUnit v3/v4, TestNG) and graph (GraphML)
  - FreeMarker Temaplates: <u>http://freemarker.org/</u>





# Method – Algorithm

- Algorithm to decompose a multidigraph into non-hamiltonian paths. Restrictions:
  - 1. Each node/link must be visited at least once
  - 2. First node will be the home page
  - 3. When reaching a leaf node we start a new path from the beginning
  - 4. Loops will have priority while browsing, for reducing the number of paths
  - 5. Browsing will finish when all the links are visited at least once





### Method – Implementation

 The method has been fully implement in the Automatic Testing Platform (ATP) tool

http://www.ict-romulus.eu/web/atp4romulus



 The web targets are based on the Roma Metaframework

http://www.romaframework.org







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  - Future Work





#### Conclusions

- We have created a grey-box testing approach, based on the structure (white-box testing) and the specification in form of contracts (black-box testing)
- It is based on open-source technologies: JUNG, GraphML, Contract4J, Selenium, HtmlUnit, FreeMarker, JUnit, TestNG
- Fully implemented in ATP, the testing tool for Roma Metaframework based web applications

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### Conclusions – Future Work

- Validation of the proposed method
  - Using different graphs/webs
- Extension of the method to another web frameworks
  - For example, Spring Web Flow







#### Thank you

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